

Synopsis for Pantos by Rob Fearn and Leo Appleton

Cinderella

This is the traditional story of Cinderella, with the usual characters, Buttons, the Ugly Sisters, wicked Stepmother and of course Fairy Godmother. It is imaginatively re-written with witty dialogue and opportunities to scale the show up or down as the staging demands.

Cinderella or Cinders is the heroine of the piece and although down trodden and mistreated by her 'sisters' and Stepmother she remains upbeat and perseveres with her lot and is a strong character. Buttons who is in love with Cinders sees all that is happening but cannot bring himself to tell her how he feels. A Royal Ball is announced for the prince to find a bride and although Cinders thinks she will also get to attend her erstwhile relatives think otherwise. She becomes resigned to her lot until her Fairy Godmother intervenes. Cinderella does indeed attend the ball as the mysterious princess and of course the prince falls madly in love with her as they dance the night away. Midnight strikes and Cinders runs away leaving her slipper behind, as usual. The prince then sets about looking for Cinders with hilarious consequences until finally he arrives at Cinders house. The stepmother and her daughters deviously try to keep Cinderella out of the way whilst the prince is in their house but they are foiled by a selfless act by Buttons. It all ends happily ever after with Cinderella marrying her prince and the Stepmother and the Ugly sisters getting their just desserts.

A Christmas Carol – the Panto

This is a pantomime that broadly follows the plot of Charles Dickens, A Christmas Carol, but it concentrates on the more comic elements and family themes to engage all age groups. Not all the characters are portrayed as in the original story. There are also new characters including a Narrator who helps to move the show along through interactions with the audience, Sid Spectre an additional ghost and Rapsallion a cheeky cockney street urchin.

The opening scenes develop Scrooge's character to emphasise his meanness to others particularly through comedic interactions. We are introduced to Fred his nephew and various visitors to his business premises. Last but not least we meet his put upon but loyal employee Bob Cratchit who has a poor but happy family which includes the ever suffering youngest son, Tiny Tim.

Scrooge, the mean old skinflint, now runs his money lending business alone as his partner Jacob Marley passed away seven years ago. Jacob comes back to haunt him with his comic side kick Sid Spectre. Together they try to teach him the error of his ways. This of course fails. Jacob then tells Scrooge of what will take place over the coming three nights.

This then sets the show up for the introduction of the three ghosts who in turn hilariously and tragically transport him back and forth through time to see his past present and future, all aided and abetted by the spectres and other pantomime characters.

Scrooge resists the appeals to change and is eventually confronted by his own mortality and the impact of his continued heartlessness towards others.

The Ghosts efforts are eventually rewarded and we are left with an uplifting scene as Scrooge is re united with his nephew. Scrooge has reflected on his life and his attitude towards Christmas and indeed humanity and he has realised that he has missed out on much and is determined to make amends. The main recipients of his largesse are his family, Bob Cratchit and of course Tiny Tim.

Jack and the Beanstalk

This is the traditional story of Jack and the Beanstalk with the usual characters (and some more unusual) Mother Betty, Jack, Jill, Silly Simon, Squire Root, Right Guard, On Guard and of course the giant. It is imaginatively re written with witty, family friendly dialogue and plenty of opportunities to sing songs and engage the audience with a script that easily scales up or down as the staging demands.

Jack lives with his mother Betty Bitsnbobs, his brother Silly Simon and of course his cow Daisy in a town called Poverty. It was quite prosperous until Squire Root lost his daughter and then his will to do anything else other than be mean to everyone. So it is up to the resourceful Mother Betty, who is the squire's help, to 'acquire' food from his table to help feed the villagers.

This though isn't enough and in the end Mother Betty decides that Buttercup has to go.

Jack and Simon take the cow to market but before they get there they meet a fairy who offers them five magic beans for the cow, which Jack accepts. Then follows the usual story of the beanstalk and Jacks encounter with the giant. Whilst in the giant's castle he meets Jill the squire's daughter who has been held there by the giant for many years, the three blind mice, the two guards Right Guard and On Guard and the giant's wife. Jill guides Jack to the treasures in the castle and he promises to help her escape. But with a golden harp that bursts into song at the slightest nudge their escape is almost undone. However, with the help of the two guards who make a deal with Jack they all eventually escape the clutches of the giant with the gold, the goose and the harp. Then, the ever forward thinking, Silly Simon, helps to dispatch the giant.

Puss in Boots

This is the story of a fairly magical cat and a pantomime littered with jokes. All the key characters are there, Puss, the ogre, princesses and the hero plus many others re imagined in this original and comic re telling of a traditional fairy tale.

A kingdom is being plagued by a vicious ogre who is eating the inhabitants and the king is in need of hero to kill the beast but there isn't anyone. Alf the non-descript hero of this tale inherits a cat from his deceased father. It turns out the cat is unusual in that he can walk and talk, goes by the name of Puss and is quite cunning and uses this gift to great effect, wheedling his master into the court of the king.

Puss has his own 'enemy' the Cat Warden, who persists in chasing him throughout the story, but to no avail. The ogre meanwhile, agrees to stop eating the people of the kingdom if the king agrees to a marriage between him and the king's youngest daughter, Rene. Alf by now is in love with the young princess and she with him.

The king does not agree to the marriage and the ogre sets a plan in place for his henchmen to kidnap her. When the henchmen arrive at the castle there is some confusion as to who the real Princess Rene is. In a comical misunderstanding they dismiss the real Rene as a fake and they kidnap her two (uglier) sisters instead assuming one of them must be Rene and thereby covering all bases. The sisters eventually 'persuade' the henchmen to return to their own castle as they are all in love.

Meanwhile Alf has concocted a ruse to kill the beast but the ogre sees through the cunning plan and captures him. In the end it is up to Puss in Boots to outsmart the ogre and kill him thereby saving his master and freeing the kingdom from the threat of being eaten. This duly done leads to a happy ending for all.

Synopsis of Snow White

A mother wishes for a baby girl and it is granted with the birth of Snow White. At her christening she receives a present of a Magic Mirror. Snow Whites mother dies and is replaced by her new wicked stepmother. The stepmother uses the Mirror and it tells her Snow White now grown is more beautiful than she is. She then instructs her three bumbling huntsmen to kill Snow White in the forest. As proof of the deed she wants Snow Whites heart. They can't do this and instead (not wishing to kill any wild animals) use a supermarket to get one. When she realises she has been tricked she wants them killed. Snow Whites nanny, Edith saves the day and the Huntsmen leave the country. Snow White meanwhile still in the forest stumbles across a cottage and falls asleep in a bed. The owners, the Seven Dwarves return to the cottage and find Snow White. They decide she can stay and she impresses them with her skills for cooking squirrel.

The Dwarves warn her not to let any strangers in whilst they are in their mine but Snow White is tricked by the stepmother three times. On the stepmothers third attempt to kill Snow White she succeeds and Snow White falls into the deep sleep of death.

Throughout this Billy the palace Paige whose love of cakes leads him into conflict with the mysterious Cake Bandit provides commentary on what is happening within the palace walls.

The story of Snow White reaches a prince from a neighbouring kingdom and he convinces the dwarves he can restore her to life with a kiss. This doesn't work so he says he will take Snow White back to his kingdom to search for a cure. In a quirk of fate Snow White is restored to life and falls immediately in love with the prince and he takes her away to his Kingdom to be married at once and rule with him. A celebration is held by the new King and Queen and as Queen of the neighbouring kingdom the wicked stepmother is invited not realising the new Queen is Snow White. The stepmother can't stop herself and unleashes a tirade on Snow White trapping herself by her own admissions. She is eventually banished and the Huntsmen, identified by Snow White as her kidnappers and potential assailants are forgiven and everyone lives happily ever after.

Synopsis of ROBIN HOOD

Here we have the re-imagined tale of the fabled Robin Hood and how he escapes the evil clutches of the Sheriff of Nottingham and ultimately wins the hand of the fair Maid Marion. It is a colourful story of evil doings and heroic derring do with all the usual characters making an appearance, plus some others that really should have been there as well. We have the witty narrator, Lincoln Green and his sidekick Alan a Dale, Maid Marion's nurse, Nurse Nellie from Netherwich, Sir Guy and the evil Sheriff of Nottingham and last but not least the bumbling duo Bow and Arrow. These plus Little John, Much, Will and Friar Tuck are all involved in the tale of Robin Hood and his quest for Maid Marion's hand.

Robin steals from the rich (of course) and gives to the poor enamouring himself of Maid Marion. The Sheriff is not happy with any of this and with the fawning Sir Guy of Gisborne sets about snaring Robin with the competition for the Golden Arrow. Robin gets captured but with the aid of his merry men (and women) he is set free by some crafty goings on. He learns that the Sheriff is to marry his beloved but of course won't let this happen and in disguise along with his men (and women) attend the wedding and ultimately after a dashing sword fight subdues the Sheriff and his sidekick Sir Guy freeing Maid Marion and winning the day.

Maid Marion still says she is unable to marry Robin as she still a ward of the true king Richard. He of course turns up and absolves Robin and his men of all their misdeeds leaving Robin and Marion free to marry.